

one or two cities alone had exceeded the estimates would wipe out the entire deficiency of the several smaller states sending in the first official returns.

DRAWINGS START SOON.

Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder announced tonight that he expects to be ready in about ten days to "proceed to the drawing by lot of the names of the men in each state from which the local and district exemption boards will select those who are to go into the army and those who are to remain behind engaged in industry and agriculture."

Registration marks the completion of the first step in the execution of the selective service law, Gen. Crowder said. "The actual" recording has been practically finished in a single day, but the arrangement and copying of the cards, their segregation into appropriate groups, the publication of lists, and the numbering of delayed registrations will consume a week or ten days.

"In the meantime the machinery of the registration is being readjusted to serve as machinery for the further execution of the law."

When this is all done, regulations governing the jurisdiction of the local boards will be issued, and the machinery will then be ready to proceed to the drawing which will result in a determination of the order in which registered men will be examined for the purpose of their selection for military or industrial service.

WORK MUST BE UNIFORM.

"When this list of order is determined it will be expected that each department will be able to make a definite call for men, and as soon as this data is available the quotas necessary to fill the first call will be assigned to the several states."

Precise time limits cannot be set at present, for the reason that it is the desire to have uniformities throughout the machine throughout the United States and to have each step taken simultaneously throughout the nation. Mountainous, heavily wooded, and sparsely settled states cannot move with the expedition of compact and densely populated states.

"While details are not to be named precisely, these steps will be taken to provide for the fixed purpose of giving as much time as possible to men who are selected to adjust their affairs to make their farewell, and to avoid the inconvenience and suffering that would result from a hasty change from civil to military status."

The government today decided to pursue a liberal policy for a few days to ward off slackers. But, as far as registrars who do not respond soon enough give good reason for failure to register will be prosecuted. Wherever there is evidence of deliberate evasion arrests will be made at once.

Statement by Crowder.

Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder today sent the following telegram to governors:

"Attention is invited to paragraph 40 of the regulations which contemplate the registration of persons who for any reason shall not have been registered on registration day. While scrutiny should be made of each case to determine whether punitive action is required, it is designed for the next few days to pursue a liberal policy in this regard, in order that the registration may be made complete at the earliest possible moment. Nonresidents may also continue to register under the provisions of paragraph 44. If it later appears that the liberality of this policy is being abused, more stringent action will be taken."

One of the first messages to reach Gen. Crowder came from Gov. Lowden of Illinois, who telegraphed as follows:

"Registration results far exceed the numbers anticipated in many places. Storms have prevented many in certain sections from registering yesterday; work continued today. Task of compiling results, especially in Chicago where it is stupendous, will probably delay reports. Show of splendid spirit by those concerned practically universal in Illinois."

POLITICS TABOO ON EXEMPTION BOARDS: LOWDEN

Springfield, Ill., June 6.—[Special.] Gov. Lowden has received authority from Washington concerning the submission of names to President Wilson for appointment to the local exemption boards. The suggested names may be referred to Gov. Lowden not later than Monday morning.

Gov. Lowden made it plain tonight that the mere fact that names have been suggested by members of the legislature, in compliance with the executive request submitted at yesterday's joint session, does not mean that these appointments necessarily will be made. In several instances conflict has arisen between members of the legislature from a certain district. In others names have been found which are strongly of partisan or factional politics to warrant serious consideration.

Scarcely any of the Chicago boards have been agreed to by the legislators from the respective districts, and it is probable that the bulk of the recommendations from the city will not go to the governor until Monday.

Gary Registers 11,030; Exceeds All Estimates

Gary registered four times as many men as the war department expected and twice as many as city officials expected, the total being 11,030. Partly naturalized aliens or friendly aliens comprise more than one-half. The registration was kept up yesterday.

ARREST, INDICT, FOR FAILURE TO ENROLL NAMES

Comparatively Few Cases of Violations of Selective Draft Law.

Arrests of persons failing to register Tuesday were few and from the country yesterday. Compared with the enormous enrollment under the selective draft measure the number of arrests was exceedingly small.

Indictments were returned in several places, and in one instance the person charged with refusal to register pleaded guilty, then asked permission to register. His plea will be given consideration.

In Detroit most of the motor plants refused to allow their employees of military age to return to work if not registered.

James Boys Dare Enlist.

McAlester, Okla., June 6.—[Special.] Claude Lee and Ed James, three brothers, entrenched in the Jackfork mountains, southeast of McAlester, armed with high power rifles, have sent out defiance to all county, state and federal authorities to come and make them register, according to the report of J. P. Tallos, registrar of the Jackfork precinct. The James boys are pro-Choctaw Indians.

Former Student Pleads Guilty.

New York, June 6.—Charles E. Phillips, a former student, indicted for refusing to register, pleaded not guilty, then changed his plea, after which he asked permission to register. Whether or not he can enroll will be decided by the board of election. Sentence was deferred until Monday.

Reading from a prepared statement, Phillips declared that his failure to register was not due to cowardly effort to avoid the draft, but was an intent of peace. He said he would reserve the right to question the constitutionality of the selective draft law.

Italian Miners Refuse.

Des Moines, Ia., June 6.—Italian coal miners at Centerville, Appanoose county, refused to register and the arrest of forty-five of them has been ordered. A sheriff's posse arrested fifteen at the Streiby mine near Centerville, and thirty more arrests are to be made at another mine today. The men at first threatened resistance, but those arrested today made no trouble.

Demand Cards at Motor Plants.

Detroit, Mich., June 6.—A demand was made by the automobile manufacturers for cards to register for conscription service. Persons of military age employed at automobile plants and other factories were not allowed to go to work until they showed registration credentials.

Taken Off Steamer.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 6.—Frederick W. San Francisco, at a hearing on a charge of attempting to evade registration under the selective draft law, was ordered held for trial. Fay, who was taken from the Pacific Mail liner San Juan last Thursday off the California coast and brought here by federal officers, was remanded to the county jail in default of \$2,500 bail.

Nine Locked Up in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 6.—Nine men who the police say wilfully failed to register yesterday were arrested.

RETURNS SLOW IN MOUNTAINS

Denver, Colo., June 6.—Returns from the mountain states came in slowly, though the figures for Arizona or New Mexico having reported up to tonight, and but nineteen of the sixty-three in this state. No returns were available at Cheyenne, Wyo.

Inos even not a county total of the district surrounding the capital was available, while in New Mexico the total of even the smallest county must wait until figures of precincts fifty and forty-five more can be brought forward in the mountain states in the forecast. A similar situation prevails in Wyoming.

The available county returns in Colorado, including Denver, gave a total of 22,546. Denver's share of this was 18,109.

Dupage, 50 Per Cent Over Quota, Keeps Up Tradition

Aurora, Ill., June 6.—[Special.] DuPage county, the suburban home of many Chicagoans, registered 50 per cent over the quota of the army, yesterday when the government expected of it Dupage's registration was 3,441.

A tradition of the county is that so many more than its quota volunteered in the civil war that not a man was drafted. The county board annually makes an appropriation for G. A. R. observance.

Lowden Names New Humane Agent.

Springfield, Ill., June 6.—Gov. Lowden today named Alex. Richardson to serve as state humane agent at Peoria to succeed Randolph Von Achter, term expired, whose name is Peoria. The position pays \$1,200 a year.

Chicago Signers for Liberty Army Reach Total of 309,512

The official tabulation of the returns from all but four of the 2,008 precincts in Chicago, and police returns from the four give the total enrollment of the liberty army. Tuesday, as of 10:30 a.m. Added to this will be the several hundred men who registered yesterday at the city hall and quite a number of these mailing their enrollment, together with a number of workers in the stock yards district who were unable to get their names down the first day. All but four of the precincts officially counted give 307,288. The police returns of the four precincts give 2,214, making a city total registration Tuesday of 309,512.

The complete registration figures will be available some time today. They will show that Chicago's offering of defenders will exceed \$100,000—approximately 10,000 more than the federal census officials anticipated, and more than 60,000 more than the local officials' high estimates. The country towns total, with three precincts missing, is 33,548, some 10,000 more than the police returns, making the county total more than 343,500.

Sixty Per Cent Will Claim Exemption Under the Draft Measure.

One of the interesting totals yet to be disclosed will be the alien enemies, which embraces the foreign residents of Chicago. Election officials are inclined to the belief that this number has been greatly overestimated and that the percentage compared with the total enrollment will be very small.

One estimate put the total exemptions likely at not to exceed 50 per cent of the enrollment. Incomplete returns from downstate counties indicate the maximum claim will be from 60 to 70 per cent of registration.

Returns from eighty-four counties out of 103 in Illinois and from all but three cities in the state late last night showed 86,141 young men of Illinois registered on Tuesday for army conscription in the counties reported, and it was estimated that enough more listed themselves in the mailings to bring the total to the mark of 90,000. It may be higher. A number expected to be registered in Illinois on a census estimate was 443,583.

Returns were delayed by the work of tabulating the registrants as to whether exemptions were claimed and listing Negroes, aliens, and alien enemies.

Exemption was claimed, mostly because of dependents, by upwards of 60 per cent of all those who registered. Of the 86,141 persons registered in Chicago, still on the job after but three hours' sleep, endeavored to wade through the mass of cards and figures.

The formal day was to have been made to Gov. Lowden at noon, but there was no chance for that. Although the army of clerks who served both Tuesday and yesterday were volunteers workers without pay they established a record for efficiency. But even so, it was an physical impossibility to meet the suggestions of the federal officials, and all along the line the rules were suspended and everybody given more time to complete the great work.

Overflow Registration.

At the same time the threatened gathering of the slackers was suspended pending the overflow registrations yesterday. Several hundred of them were booked at the city council chambers under the direction of Clerk from City Clerk James T. Igoe's office.

County Towns Gain.

The country towns of Cook county showed, on the official returns, an increase of more than 10,000 over the police returns. With three precincts missing, the total is 33,548.

The total in the country towns of the county is 20,215, while persons registered, 539 colored, 1,146 aliens and 466 alien enemies. Of the 26,515 which persons 15,621 are classed as legislative, judicial, or executive officers, or totally disabled, or have dependent relatives or are exempt because of their occupation.

The official figures from Evanston yesterday showed the total 3,162, one more than the police returns.

Figures of other north shore towns are:

Wilmette Forest, 417; Wilmette, 398; Glenwood, 276; Kenilworth, 49; Niles Center, 188, and Highland Park, 585.

Adjt. Gen. Dickson, late yesterday after considering the Chicago situation, sent instructions to City Clerk Igoe to keep the registration books open in his office until further notice.

Two Precincts Missing.

Liberal Policy Adopted.

Gov. Lowden received authority from Gov. Crowder to hold open the records until every man who had had a reasonable chance to get right with the registration officials. Gen. Crowder directs that a "liberal policy" be pursued in taking care of those who may have been delayed by storm, flood or other dispensation.

Gen. Crowder's telegram to Gov. Lowden says:

"While scrutiny should be made of

the contracts closed last week, contracts have now been let for a total of 3,500,000 pairs for the army and 850,000 pairs for the navy. The total cost of the shoes will be about \$20,000 a pair.

"The price is said to aggregate between eight and nine million," the weekly continues. "It is also reported that negotiations are practically completed for the purchase of two other concerns, one of which is the largest retaining milk company of Brooklyn.

"It is freely predicted now that all will fall into the Borden's hands, and that ultimately the whole distribution business then will be controlled by Borden's and Sheffield's farms."

O'Connor & Goldberg

THE O-G NETTLETON BRAND

205 So. State St. 120 W. Van Buren St.

6 So. Clark St. 1253 Milwaukee Ave.

EIGHT DOLLARS

HIGH SHOES EIGHT-FIFTY

PROUD SHOES

THE LONG STANDARD MAKE OF MEN'S FINEST SHOES—THE O-G "NETTLETON"—HAS ADVANCED BUT VERY SLIGHTLY IN PRICE OWING TO THE IMMENSE QUANTITY WE SELL. WE VENTURE TO SAY WITH CONFIDENCE THAT NO EQUAL SHOE VALUE MAY BE FOUND IN CHICAGO IN THESE DIFFICULT TIMES. ALL STYLES—ALL LEATHERS. \$7 TO \$10.

O-G NETTLETON

STATE FIGURES SHOW 620,000 AS REGISTERED

99½ PERFECT

That's the Kind of Men Chicago Sent to the Marine Service Last Month.

Of 600 men recruited in the marine corps in Chicago in May only four were rejected at the final physical examinations at Fort Royal, S. C. This is a percentage of 99.5.

"Chicago contributed the finest lot of men enlisted in the marine corps in May," said Maj. William H. Smith, commanding officer of the Marine Corps Recruit Depot in Chicago. "This was the compliment passed by Secretary of the Navy Daniels. Chicago's showing also brought a tribute from Major General Commandant George Barnett of the

Marine Corps.

"An automobile parade will open marine corps recruiting week, June 10 to 16. An armored car, a field ambulance, and a radio wireless car will appear.

Recruiting offices of the Third Reserve Engineers were removed from the Monadnock building to the municipal pier. The office believed the regiment will remain there until the end of the month.

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Recruiting offices of the Third

SOLDIERS ASSIGNED NEW ARMIES

Officers of Guard
Lose Present
Commands.

STAFF CORRESPONDENT,
D. C., June 6.—[Special]
The federal service on July
1 will be put at the disposal
of their present commands
and to regiments to be raised
under the conscription act.

The plan of the war department
learned today, is to put all
regular army officers with
the national guard. In
these officers will be colonels
and the commanders of the national
guard will be assigned to other
units.

Brands Best Officers.
The department feels that since
the guard is to be a part of
the regular expeditionary force
that it should be commanded
by capable officers available.

The guard goes into the federal
service on July 1. The war department
will have to depend on national
guardsmen as they have no
experience in command.

Department officials say that
the commanders of national
guardsmen are comparatively good
and that would enable them
to train the men into the great
war effectiveness.

Training for Leaders.
It is not meant that all command
of national guard regiments
will be relieved of their commands, but
they will be sent to the training
in a period and will have
an opportunity to put in some
time at the war game to qualify
the leading regiments in France.

A tremendous dearth of high
grade officers in the new national army,
of 100,000 or 150,000 na-
tional guardsmen and regulars
will take most of the best offi-
cers, so few will be
in the new national army.

*"To Did Draft Duty
Right," Says Mayor.*

Chicago did her duty "all right"
or Thompson's comment yesterday
Tuesday's registration. The
asked what effect he thought
of 10,000,000 men in
Germany would have on Germany
replied that he did not know
big task facing the registrars
he said in the copying of
cards for the adjutant
of the war department.

SUBMARINE SUNK IN BATTLE WITH AMERICAN LINER

Flag Raised and Steamer
Awaits Attack and
Long Fight.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—A German
submarine is believed to have been
sunk by an armed American steamer
in a fight lasting an hour and
half in which thirty-five shots were
fired by the submarine and twenty-five
by the steamer.

An official announcement by the state
department today says the steamer's
first shot "apparently struck the sub-
marine, which raised clear out of the
water and stood stern end up for a few
seconds. It then disappeared."

The official report shows that the liner
did not attempt to escape, but, sighting
the submarine, raised the American flag
and waited for the attack.

Official Report Issued.

The state department's announcement
follows:

"The department of state is advised
of the engagement between an
American steamer and a submarine.
The guns of the steamer were
opened by an American naval crew.
The submarine was first seen at about
1000 yards. It had a six inch gun for-
ward and another aft. It flew no flag.
Upon being sighted, the submarine
hoisted the American flag and
waited for about ten minutes. As the
steamer approached the submarine fired.
The submarine responded. The steamer
went at a speed that would permit the sub-
marine to come within range.

Fire at Long Range.

There followed a fight lasting for an
hour and a half. The submarine came
within a distance of about 2,300 yards. By
that time the submarine had fired thirty-
five shots and the steamer twenty-five.
The first shot of the steamer appar-
ently struck the submarine, which raised
out of the water and stood stern
end up for a few seconds. Then it dis-
appeared. The captain of the steamer
and the commander of the guard believe
that the submarine was sunk. The
submarine suffered no damage."

FRENCH DEFEAT ATTACK.

PARIS, June 6.—The defeat of a Ger-
man submarine in a battle with the
French steamer Orenouque is reported by
the ministry of marine. The Orenouque,
a vessel of 2,372 tons, was attacked in
the Atlantic on April 22 while on its way to a West African port.

The submarine was sighted, half sub-
merged, heading for the steamer.
Heavy fire was opened. After the fourth
shot the submarine disappeared.

BELGIUM BOARD
TO COME TO U.S.
IN THREE WEEKS

Washington, D. C., June 6.—Belgium
will send an official mission to the
United States, headed by Baron Mon-
cheur, foreign minister here. It will ar-
rive in the next three weeks. Bel-
gium regards the United States as its
best benefactor and is eager to express
its appreciation in the most whole hearted
way.

Baron Moncheur is chief of the
political bureau of the Belgian foreign
affairs at Havre. His wife is an Amer-
ican, daughter of Gen. Powell
Johnson, a Union State minister
in Mexico. At the outbreak of the war
Baron Moncheur was Belgian minister to
Turkey. He is about 60 years old.

Another member of the mission is Gen.
Lederer, who formerly commanded the
first division of Belgian cavalry.

M. Hector Carlier, counsellor of the
legation, is a son of the director of the
Royal Bank of Belgium at Antwerp.
Also with the mission is M. Oster-
reicher, a long period military attache
at the Belgian legation in Petro-
grad. He comes of a well known Ant-
werp family.

The fifth member of the mission is
Count Louis D'Ursel, first cousin of the
Duke D'Ursel.

TEAS, THEATERS,
TRIPS, DINNERS
FOR AMERICANS

LONDON, June 6.—The American doc-
tors and nurses, comprising the units
from Chicago, Philadelphia, and St.
Louis, are being entertained here on a
grand scale this week. Nearly every
hour of their time is being demanded
by their English, Canadian, and Amer-
ican hosts, who seem to have arranged
it so that no end of receptions,
dinners, tea, theater parties, and sight-
seeing trips.

The American nurses are being shown
with free tickets to the theaters, and it is not unusual for a theater
manager to appear on the stage be-
fore an act and compliment the nurses
upon their presence on this side of the
water upon which the audience in sev-
eral instances has risen and cheered
the Americans.

SEVEN CHICAGO
DOCTORS GIVEN
COMMISSIONS

Washington, D. C., June 6.—[Special]
Seven Chicago doctors were given
commissions in the medical officers' re-
serve corps by the war department to-
day.

The Chicago list was headed by Dr.
John Allen Housley, 8 North Michigan
avenue, and Dr. John B. Burdette, 1100
Washington avenue, who were com-
missioned major and captain respectively
in the medical corps.

The other Chicagoans who were com-
missioned first lieutenants in the medical corps were Drs.
Horatio P. Freeman, 1000 North
Michigan avenue; Urban B. Harris, 140
West Superior avenue; Samuel M. Ed-
wards, 711 Waveland avenue, and Aubrey
K. Brown, 2400 South Leland avenue.

Goats Year for Sinking Ship.
S. C., June 6.—Capt. J. R.
Cunningham, master of the German
cruiser *Emden*, was ordered to a rest in the Atlanta
cabin of the British battleship *Mon-
tgomery*. The British court today
ordered the cruiser to remain in the harbor on orders of the German
government to break with the United

States.

Officers of Guard
Lose Present
Commands.

Elmwood Smith, Veteran of Europe, Showing Use of Dummy in Bayonet Exercise. In the Upper Picture He Is Follow-
ing Up a Parry with a Lunge to the Heart. In the Lower, Side Stepping a Thrust and Closing In with
Rifle Butt to Foe's Head.

COLD STEEL



GET YOUR MAN BAYONET DRILL ON DUMMY FOES

Fort Sheridan to Use
Canvas Bag Plan
of English.

BY PARKE BROWN.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., June 6.—[Special.]—
One straight thrust missed him, but a
second one caught him in the shoulder and
a lunge pierced him through the
spot where the heart would have been.

That was not the real war there was due sim-
ply to the fact that "he" was a dummy, a
sack filled with sand, but referred to without exception as "him."

There were four such sacks, each swung be-
tween two trees and held from swinging
by two "leg" ropes to the ground, as samples of the hundreds that are to
be supplied as the means of teaching

the 5,000 men in the reserve officers'
training camp the "get your man"
bayonet work of the European battle-
fields.

Based on British Pamphlet.

That teaching is to be based on the pamphlet
that the soldiers treat their officers with
the utmost nonchalance.

The soldiers treat their officers with
the utmost nonchalance.

Twenty U. of C. Seniors Get
Degrees Upon Enlistment in
Service of Their Country.

BACHELORS OF WAR

Twenty U. of C. Seniors Get
Degrees Upon Enlistment in
Service of Their Country.

Doing Full Share of
Duty with Allied
Patrol Fleet.

THE BRITISH PORT BASE OF THE
AMERICAN FLOTILLA, via London

June 6.—The American destroyers have
completed their first month of active
service in the great war.

The American boats are assigned to
work hand in hand with the British
destroyers, patrolling the coast of
the British naval machinery here.

A destroyer is usually out from four to
five days and then returns to port for
two or three days, while coaling and
loading supplies. Thus every American
sailor gets at least half a day shore leave
practically every week.

Seeks to Meet "Home" Liners.

The young Americans take seriously
the business of finding the periscope
needle in the nautical haystack, and
daily reports of submarines sighted,
observations made, of wireless warnings
brought to show that the Americans
already are making an average of re-
sults almost as satisfactory as the long
experienced Britons with whom they are
operating.

An assignment to convoy a liner "from
home," that is, from an American port,
is regarded as an especially choice mor-
tel.

A transatlantic liner which sights
the American flag approaching to escort
it to land never fails to respond with a
great waving of flags and handkerchiefs
from the decks and there is a fine ex-
change of wigwag signals in lieu of
handshakes.

Wonder at Sailor's Bitches.

The people of the towns have taken
the American sailor and his strangely
spendthrift ways right into their hearts.

They have money, which is not so strange
when it is considered that his rate of
pay is considerably higher than that of the
British tar.

"The American gets a dollar every
time we get a shilling," is a common ex-
pression among admiring British sea-
men.

Epidemic Among Horses
Worries South of France

PARIS, June 6.—There is great per-
turbation in horse dealing circles in

France over the great mortality among
horses in the southern regions, notably
in Bordeaux, Toulouse, Albi, Narbonne,
and Perpignan.

The Maltese cross is the main cause of
the disease.

The animals arrive apparently robust,
but die soon after their arrival at the
southern centers.

Veterinarians are divided in opinion on
whether the animals were poisoned pre-
vious to their start from the shipping

centers.

House Republicans Agree
on Steering Committee

Washington, D. C., June 6.—House Repub-
licans today ratified a steering commit-
tee composed of Representative

John E. Gilmore, of New York; George
M. Cooley, of Pennsylvania; Mondell, Wis-
consin; Gillett, Massachusetts; and Lem-
uel, Wisconsin.

The first three are

classified as regular, and the latter two

as progressive Republicans. The com-
mittee will suggest party action on

house legislation.

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as progressive Republicans. The com-
mittee will suggest party action on

PRAISE INSTEAD OF CENSURE FOR HOSPITAL SHIP

Civilian Commission Says Officers of Solace Did Admirably.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—The protest or "round robin" signed by thirty patients aboard the navy hospital ship Solace, charging mistreatment by the medical officers, rests, goes up and down the ship, according to the report of the civilian commission sent to the fleet by Secretary Daniels to investigate.

After interviewing more than 100 men who were aboard the ship during the period covered by the complaint, the commission, composed of Dr. William H. Welch, Johns Hopkins University, and Dr. Abraham Flexner and Nathan Straus of New York, reported:

"The general testimony is to the effect that they received what they wanted, needed, and asked for. There was in our judgment no lack of kindness and intelligent care on the part of Dr. Blackwood [commanding the Solace] and his assistants. They were dealing throughout the month of May with an unprecedent emergency, and in handling it they acquitted themselves admirably."

Entitled to Praise.

The report asserted that the medical personnel in charge of the fleet's naval hospitals "are all entitled to the highest praise for their devoted and untiring efforts and for the success which they achieved under extremely difficult conditions."

Speaking the report public tonight Secretary Daniels issued a statement declaring that "the findings of these three famous health experts should carry a message of reassurance to the parents of the nation."

The commissioners reported that patients and convalescents on the Solace and in land hospitals were numbered in the hundreds of officers and that the witnesses spoke without reserve and with "no evidence whatever of fear or reticence."

Crowded Conditions.

It was learned that during May the fleet was receiving new men at a rate of 700 a day, with measles, mumps, scarlet fever, and cerebro-meningitis usually prevalent in communities from which the recruits were drawn. As a result, the ship had a normal capacity for thirty infections cases, at one time was forced to care for 100.

Charges that proper precautions were taken to prevent the spread of disease, the report declares, are unanswered by the fact that there was virtually no new infection either on the ship or at the shore hospitals.

Absolutely Untrue.

The specific charge that fewer patients were sent to shore to care for their own bags and on boardings the ship are dismissed as "absolutely untrue."

Charges that the supply of drinking water was inadequate are stated to be grossly exaggerated and the allegation that germs laden dishes from the contagious wards were not promptly disinfected is described as "impossible and absurd beyond belief." The method of serving food is declared to have been "entirely correct."

"The round robin," the report declares, "was composed by one person, who wrote into it complaints from various sources. The signers evidently did not mean individually to endorse or stand for the whole of it. It is clear to us that most of it rests on gossip and hearsay."

Liner Ryndam on Way to U. S. with 630 Passengers

AMSTERDAM, June 6, via London, June 6.—The Holland-American line steamer Ryndam will sail tonight for New York by way of Halifax, with about 130 saloon passengers, 300 second class passengers, and more than 200 in the steerage. It carries no cargo or mail. Barely a dozen Americans have taken passage.

Offers 25,000 Filipinos to U. S. Washington, D. C., June 6.—A force of 25,000 Filipinos, members of the army needed, was offered to President Wilson today by Manuel Quezon, former Philippine delegate in congress and now president of the Philippine senate.

OFFICIAL STATEMENTS ISSUED BY VARIOUS NATIONS AT WAR

FRENCH FRONT

BRITISH.

LONDON, June 6.—The operations commenced last night north of the Scarpe were successfully completed during the day in our objective gained. We have captured the enemy's position on the western slopes of Greenhill hill on a front of about a mile and taken 162 prisoners, including four officers.

We have also captured a few prisoners as a result of raids carried out early this morning north of Ypres.

There has again been considerable artillery activity on both sides, particularly on the north bank of the Scarpe and in the neighborhood of Vimy village, Armentieres, and Ypres.

FRENCH.

PARIS, June 6.—This morning, after the bombardment of our positions between the Ailette river and the Lys road, and northwest of Brayes-en-Lanois, the Germans delivered several attacks at various points in this sector. Two attempts against the Bois Du Mortier, north of Vaux-sainte-Vallouise, broken down immediately by our fire gave to the enemy no other result than appreciable losses.

The Germans continued their efforts north of the Chemin des Dames and they attacked on the front of Panthien-La Coyere farm. The enemy attack, repulsed in its entirety, was not able to reach our lines except at one point south of Flain. In the neighborhood of our Hovettes salient, after a stubborn engagement, some trench elements of the first line remained in the hands of the enemy. Eventually they were driven back to their own trenches.

Near Hurbise after a spirited bombardment the Germans late yesterday made two attacks in vain on our positions northeast of the monument. The Germans were driven back to their trenches after a violent engagement in which they suffered heavy losses at the hands of our soldiers, and our line was maintained everywhere. Over the remainder of the front there was intermittent canonnading.

BELGIAN.

PARIS, June 6.—During the day both batteries were active along the whole Belgian front, particularly before Dixmude and between Steenstraete and Het-Sas. On the latter part of our front we carried out fires of destruction on enemy batteries and works.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, June 6.—Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: The artillery battle in the Wytschaete salient continues with frequent interruptions. During the repulsing advances by the enemy were repulsed.

During the evening and at night the fighting activity also increased in the neighborhood of the coast and also along the Artois front. At nightfall the British attacked with strong deeply ranked forces on the northern bank of the Scarpe. Between Gaville and Fampoux the assault was driven back with heavy losses by our Bavarian regiments. Further south the enemy's storming troops only succeeded in penetrating into our positions at the Roux railway station. Fighting continued there for the possession of small trench sections.

Army group of Duke Albrecht: Nothing of importance occurred.

AUSTRIANS GAIN ON CARSO FRONT



1—Rome reports heavy artillery exchange on front from Monte Nero area to heights east of Gorizia.

2—On the Carso violent artillery attacks are proceeding on Italian positions from Vercio to Jamiano.

3—South of Jamiano, Rome re-

ports, Italians have withdrawn new line fronting Flondar to a more advantageous position.

4—Vienna reports Austro-Hungarians have recaptured a large portion of positions taken by Italians two weeks ago. In this advance 6,500 men and 271 officers were captured.

engagements have taken place which were successful for us.

ITALIAN FRONT

ITALIAN.

ROME, June 6.—Lively artillery duels continued yesterday on the front from the Monte Nero area to the heights east of Gorizia. On the Carso the violent shelling of our positions from Vercio to Jamiano was resumed, provoking an energetic reply from our batteries.

On the evening of Monday the fighting was less intense, after a heavy action on Monday. Our new line fronting Flondar, however, has been withdrawn slightly to a position which is more advantageous tactically. In yesterday's action we took 236 prisoners, including ten officers.

AUSTRIAN.

VIENNA, June 6.—South of Jamiano, half way between Monfalcone and Hermada, our troops in a counter attack systematically prepared and carried out recaptured a consider-

able portion of the trenches captured in this sector two weeks ago by the Italians. The enemy vainly threw into the battle his reserves, which arrived on foot or were brought in motor boats to scratch again from us the territory which we occupied. In a struggle lasting all day and a night and which early today, owing to fresh Italian reinforcements, increased to the utmost violence, our heroic infantry remained victorious on the entire line and the enemy was repulsed everywhere.

Italian attempts to bring relief to the northern wing by thrusts near Kovenskeve and east of Gorizia failed completely before the brave defense of our troops.

The number of prisoners brought back yesterday near Jamiano amounts to 271 officers and 6,500 men. The total announced in the last report is thus increased to the extraordinary number for a defensive battle of 22,000 prisoners.

MACEDONIAN FRONT

GERMAN.

BERLIN, June 6.—Aside from reliving artillery fire at isolated points and patrol engagements the situation in the eastern war theater and in Macedonia is unchanged. On the eastern bank of the Struma British aviators dropped incendiary bombs on ripening corn fields.

FRENCH.

PARIS, June 6.—Our pilots engaged in numerous fights with the enemy yesterday. Seven German airplanes and one captive balloon were brought down. It is also learned that another German airplane was forced to earth east of Flain on Monday.

ITALIAN.

VIENNA, June 6.—Eastern theater. Cannonading occurred at the Cerna bend and in the region of Monastir.

RUSSIAN FRONT

RUSSIAN.

PETROGRAD, June 6.—The situation on all fronts is unchanged.

AUSTRIAN.

VIENNA, June 6.—On the eastern and southeastern fronts the situation is unchanged.

TURKISH FRONT

BRITISH.

LONDON, June 6.—Reports from Egypt record only minor operations and an unchanged situation.

AVIATION

BRITISH.

LONDON, June 6.—Yesterday afternoon four royal naval air service pilots on patrol off Dunkirk observed about eighteen enemy aircraft off Ostend, well out at sea, proceeding in a northwesterly direction. Indecisive engagements took place and the enemy was driven off.

On their return journey the enemy was pursued and engaged by a naval machine from an air station on the Kentish coast. Two enemy aircraft were in turn attacked and driven down by this pilot, who then landed at Dunkirk. Other engagements between royal naval air service machines from home stations and the enemy also took place over the Thames estuary.

Later ten naval pilots from Dunkirk encountered sixteen hostile aircraft off Ostend, returning from their raid on England, and numerous fights took place. Two of these hostile aircraft were completely destroyed and four others were driven down out of control, of which two are considered also to have been destroyed.

On Monday a hostile machine was attacked by one of our royal air service pilots from Dunkirk fifteen miles out to sea and was driven down in a vertical nose dive into the sea.

During the night a successful bombing raid was carried out on hostile shipping in the harbor of Bruges (Zeebrugge). A big explosion was observed and many smaller ones.

AUSTRIAN.

VIENNA, June 6.—South of Jamiano, half way between Monfalcone and Hermada, our troops in a counter attack systematically prepared and carried out recaptured a consider-

COLLEGE FLOOR CLOTHES

The Coat of Arms of the STYLE ELECT

WHAT "Wedgwood" means to pottery and what "Chippendale" means to furniture, "College Floor Clothes" means to young men's suits.

The foremost exponents of the designing art, the gifted genius of weaving craftsmanship, and the faultless skill of sartorial artisans have combined to produce the highest type twentieth century apparel for young men, "College Floor Clothes."

Late arrivals of exclusive midseason styles \$20

Other Suits, \$15 to \$45

College Floor, the Third.

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson

BIG DAMAGE BY RAID ON OSTEND

LONDON, June 6.—Photographic reconnaissances of the British port of Ostend, conducted by British sea forces, show that a majority of the stockyards and workshops were damaged, it is announced officially. Serious damage was done to other harbor works and several vessels were sunk. The official statement says:

A photographic reconnaissance over Ostend shows, as a result of yesterday's bombardment from the sea, that a majority of the workshops in the docks yard were either seriously damaged or totally destroyed.

The entrance gates to the dock yard basin, the wharf, the submarine shelter, and a destroyer under repair were badly damaged. It appears also that several vessels were sunk.

There was no damage to houses at all other than buildings in the dock yards at Ostend. If Belgians were killed, it is not known.

During numerous aerial battles along the western front the enemy lost eleven airplanes. Lieutenant Allender secured his twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth victories and Lieutenant Vose his thirty-third victory.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, June 6.—One of our airplanes squadrons dropped more than 5,000 kilograms of bombs on military establishments at Sheerness, at the mouth of the Thames. Good hits were observed.

During numerous aerial battles along the western front the enemy lost eleven airplanes. Lieutenant Allender secured his twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth victories and Lieutenant Vose his thirty-third victory.

ITALIAN.

ROMA, June 6.—There was intense aerial activity. One enemy machine was beaten down by ground forces near Monte Sestini valley. Another was brought down in an aerial fight between the Vodice and Monte Santo.

Last night our bombing squadrons, notwithstanding violent shelling by anti-aircraft guns, dropped more than two tons of high explosives on the St. Pietro station of the Triest-Lubiana railway. Our machines returned safely.

NEWBERRY NAMED NAVAL LIEUTENANT.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—Truman H. Newberry, Detroit, assistant secretary of the navy under Roosevelt, has been selected for a commission as lieutenant commander in the navy.

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One U. S. Flag,
One French Flag,
One English Flag.
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It is the best Hotel in the State of Wisconsin.
In the heart of the business district.

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WAR TAX BILL IS DELAYED ANOTHER

Senate Committee on Minor Details Questions Re-

Washington, D. C., June 6.—The action of the redrafted war tax bill was not begun in the Senate after nearly two hours of debate. The house voted downwar and the Senate committee today instead Chairman Simms committee hopes to complete Saturday. Printing and of the report will take several days.

The documentary stamp is considered tomorrow. As to rates, the committee has not yet decided. The rates will be as follows:

Exemption of all bonds and stocks, \$100,000. Adoption of rate upon manufacturers' gross fumies and cosmetics, \$1,000,000.

Exemption of all musical instruments, \$100,000.

WAR TAX BILL IS DELAYED FOR ANOTHER WEEK

Senate Committee Works
on Minor Details—Big
Questions Remain.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—Consideration of the redrafted war tax bill will not begin in the senate until next week. After nearly two weeks of revising the house bill, however, the Senate Finance committee today abandoned its plan to have the measure ready Friday, instead Chairman Simmons said the committee hopes to complete its revision Saturday. Printing and preparation of the report will take several days. Important taxation questions were deferred today, minor rates occupying the session.

The documentary stamp section, to be considered tomorrow, probably will be left unchanged. As to the tax upon publishers, which also may be settled at tomorrow's session, committee sentiment apparently favors adhering to the tentative decision for a 2 per cent advertising levy and against increasing postage rates.

Aim Tax at Ticket Scalpers.
Among minor questions agreed upon today was a tax aimed at theater ticket scalpers, imposing a 50 per cent tax upon the profits on tickets to theaters and other amusements sold at news stands, hotels or places other than the amusement ticket office.

Exemption of bona fide chautauquas and lyceums from the amendment admission tax was recommended by local concern was agreed to. The committee, in addition, amended the exemption from admission taxes provided for agricultural fairs to include all receipts.

Decisions by the senate finance committee today in its consideration of the war tax bill included:

Exemption of all musical instruments from taxation, a reduction of the house bill revenue of \$7,000,000.

Adoption of house rates of 5 per cent upon manufacturers' gross sales of perfumes and cosmetics, estimated to raise \$4,750,000 and also on proprietary medicines, estimated to yield \$8,500,000.

The committee rejected a plan to substitute stamp taxes on those articles.

New Tax on Cameras.

A new manufacturers' tax upon photographic instruments ranging from 25 cents each on cameras selling for less than \$5 to \$1.50 on those selling for more than \$20. Additional revenue from such merchandise was estimated at \$1,000,000.

A substitute tax of one-eighth cent on the retail price of athletic goods, estimated to yield \$2,000,000 and to be paid by manufacturers.

A substitute graduated tax based upon length and tons, upon yachts, sailing and motor boats, except those used exclusively for business purposes or national defense or built upon treasury department specifications and capable of conversion to federal property. This tax was fixed at 50 cents for motor boats under five tons, 50 cents a foot on vessels of five tons and under fifty feet in length, up to \$1 a foot on vessels over 100 feet in length.

Explains Rights on Exceptions.

The rates agreed upon for the miscellaneous articles, Senator Simmons explained, are exceptions to the committee's declared principle against imposing taxes upon gross sales of manufacturers, although stamp and other forms of taxes have been considered.

The house taxation plan and rates on perfumes, cosmetics, and patent medicines were left unchanged as more practical.

The substitute tax on athletic goods will not apply to children's games and toys.

Detailed rates upon cameras follow: Costing less than 15, 25 cents; less than \$10, 50 cents; less than \$15, 75 cents; less than \$20, \$1, and over \$20, \$1.50.

**Wants to Get Back Stock
Set Aside for Employees**

Harry Channon, president of H. Channon & Co., filed a petition yesterday against the company and its stockholders seeking to rescind an agreement made in 1915 whereby he, Harry Channon, James H. Channon, Grace C. Bortell, and Mrs. Elizabeth Channon, were to distribute 1,000 shares of the company's stock among employees. The petition alleges that up to date only 300 shares have been properly distributed. The petition asks the redistribution of the balance of the stock among the donors.

**U. S. Grand Jury Sworn;
Blind Pigs First Work**

The June federal grand jury was sworn in yesterday afternoon before Judge Samuel Alschuler in the absence of Judge K. M. Landis, who is holding court in La Crosse, Wis.

Among the early matters to be taken up will be the continuation of the investigation of alleged blind pigs operating without government license near the Great Lakes Naval station and Fort Sheridan.



HE'S COMING OVER!

Publisher Will Succeed Arthur J. Balfour as Head of British War Mission in United States.



Lord Northcliffe
PHOTO BY MOORETTA

RUSH FOOD BILL, WILSON URGES AT CONFERENCES

President Asks Action at
Once on the Measure
at Two Meetings.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—[Special.]—Proposed legislation in Congress should enact at the earliest possible date food control legislation along the lines laid down in the administration measure introduced a short time ago by Representative Lever of South Carolina.

With this end in view he called into conference Senators Chamberlain of Oregon, Smith of South Carolina, and Shepard of Texas, members of the agricultural committee, and Senators Udall of Arizona, Hatch of Montana, and King of Utah, leaders of the Democratic senate leaders. Tonight a president talked with Senators Warren of Wyoming and Page of Vermont, Republican members of the agricultural committee.

Government Control Necessary.

The president advised the senators placing the control of food distribution and prices in the hands of the government is necessary at this time on account of the attempt that might be made by European countries to secure options on the future crops of this government.

In so doing, the senators were informed, prices of food supplies not only to this country but to domestic consumers would be increased beyond the figures quoted at the present time.

The president also pointed out his great interest in the measure giving him authority to determine that certain kinds of traffic or particular shipments shall have priority in transportation by railroads or water to meet existing emergencies. This proposed legislation, he stated, is part and parcel of the general plan to control the food supply of the country.

Objects to Maximum Prices.

Herbert C. Hoover, who was called before the house agriculture committee for a conference on the food control bill, advised the senators that he had no power to fix maximum food prices. Following the conference it was intimated that this provision in the bill may be eliminated before it goes to the floor of the house.

The principal argument against this food legislation is that it has been tried in other countries and not proved a success, and that a "pool" by the allied nations in buying will serve to regulate the prices in a natural way.

Stop Return of Bread.

As one step in the problem of conserving the wheat supply, a vital question in America's task of feeding the world, the committee decided to ask the president to fix maximum bread prices.

"I think it would be most unfortunate," said the president, "for any of the states to relax the laws by which the safeguards have been thrown around bread."

"I feel that there is no necessity for such action and that it would lead to a slackening of the energy of the nation rather than to increase it, besides being very unfair to the laboring people themselves."

**Five More Recruits Enter
Aviation Signal Corps**

Five more recruits, four Chicagoans,

were accepted yesterday for service in the aviation section of the signal corps.

They were: Alfred C. Carrier,

Robert O. Schallaire,

T. W. Paxton street; Henry K. Frank-

heim, 1907 Michigan avenue; William

D. Davis, 2708 Lakeview avenue, and

Philip G. Kemp of Louisville, Ky.

War Cross for Mrs. J. C. Park.

PARIS, June 6.—The French war cross has been conferred upon Mrs. J. C. Park, formerly Mrs. Chauncey L. Darrow.

The consolidation of the three branches—the Norwegian Lutheran synod, the United Norwegian Lutheran church, and the Hauge synod—will affect 3,500 congregations. The three branches are divided merely on doctrinal differences involving principally the distinction between the "high" and the "low" church.

The war will be long or short in proportion to our ability to supply our soldiers with efficient weapons and food.

Some of us may have to go barefoot

that our soldiers may be shot, some superiors say that our soldiers may have food.

"If we are ready for the supreme test, our duty is plain. We must subscribe to the Liberty loan. We must fill the gaps in the industrial ranks. Every one must do his share of work."

3,750 Join Army in Day.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—Army recruiting again made good progress yesterday, a total of 3,750 men having volunteered while 1,000,000 men were called up to give 300,000 places for possible service in the selective army. New York led yesterday with 250 men. Pennsylvania was second with 200.

ALIMONY, HUBBY, AND ALL LOST BY MRS. GOODSPREAD

**'Designing Woman,' Is
Court Opinion Which
Favors Defendant.**

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 6.—[Special.]—Charles W. Goodspeed, son of the wife and husband of a designing woman, to entrap John W. Goodspeed into illegal marriage with her, Judge Dunham, in the Superior court today, filed an opinion in her suit for divorce deciding every point at issue in favor of the defendant.

Mrs. Goodspeed lost everything through the decree of the court, her husband, son, name, and fortune. She will receive alimony, and the sum of \$40,000, which she will receive from the divorce suit will revert to Goodspeed. His only obligation under the decree will be to pay the fees of the defendant's attorney.

Sought \$300,000 Alimony.

When suit for divorce was started Mrs. Goodspeed came forward with the claim that her "husband" was worth more than \$1,000,000, and she sought alimony in sums upward of \$300,000 in addition to the custody of her son and the decree of divorce from a marriage which the court holds never existed.

The couple was married Aug. 28, 1908, following what was called a "frivorous escape" by young Lindenthal. Judge Sullivan refused to make a court order nisi, and the couple remained married after the divorce suit was filed.

Mrs. Alice Dickinson Farnham, 7029 Greenwich avenue, told Judge Thompson that Harry deserted her. She was granted a decree and \$5,250 alimony.

Judge Dunham holds that Mrs. Goodspeed "is her cap" for the defendant, and says:

"I believe that for several months prior to this ceremony, in fact, to the plaintiff's own admission in her suit, she did not consider that at the time of their marriage she neither knew nor cared whether or not she was divorced from the said Charles S. Lawshe."

Lawshe was her legal husband when she went through a ceremonial marriage with Goodspeed in Laporte, Ind., in 1908.

"I think that the evidence is conclusive that from the time plaintiff became acquainted with defendant she knew that he was a wealthy man she gave him to understand that she was a divorced woman," said the court, "and that she used all of the wiles of a cunning and designing woman to make him her husband."

His Character "Unsmirched."

"There is not a word of testimony in this case even tending to besmirch his character or reputation in the slightest degree until after he met plaintiff, and after weeks of association with her, he made his one great mistake."

While Mrs. Goodspeed is left without money in the terms of the decree, Mr. Goodspeed's attorneys say she will be given an allowance.

The court held the marriage between the couple to be void from the beginning and that it must be annulled, and says that under the facts in this case no common law marriage ever took place.

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SAFETY-SEALED
FOUNTAIN PEN

For Parker
Lucky Curve
Safety-Sealed
Fountain Pen

Easy to Fill
Safety-Sealed
Fountain Pen

The Chicago Tribune

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THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1917.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

ARMY MORALS.

Objection has been taken by some excellently intimated individuals to the editorial in yesterday's TRIBUNE upon moralists and the army.

Opinions will differ as to whether the morals of the army are different from any other morals.

From time to time charges are made against the morality of the nation's defenders, and these charges are hotly refuted by the soldiers themselves, who in turn charge that busybodies take advantage of military law to harass them and outrage their privacy. The soldier is different from the civilian not only in his liability to sacrifice his life to his government but in being under an autocratic government which has the power of regulating his personal habits, as the personal habits of civilians have never been regulated.

This power is necessary and must be invoked.

If some soldiers' physiques are damaged by excesses they leave the ranks depleted in the face of the enemy. If a few fall from the high standards necessary to the morale of the fighting force they threaten to spread a contagion throughout the whole body of men.

For this reason military authorities of late years have added a certain degree of moral coercion to the spiritual assistance rendered by army chaplains. The question of how much coercion and how much exhortation will bring the best results not only gives room for difference of opinion but depends upon the character and habits of the men and the personality of the officers.

In public debate, however, it is difficult to defend anything short of asceticism. The man with the severest code can always denounce his more tolerant brother as immoral and the more tolerant brother retires from the field of debate. Thus it is that when the question of the morals of men under governmental control becomes a public issue the ascetics almost invariably obtain control and secure the enactment of extreme regulations which in practice interfere with the best moral and physical health of the army.

In schools and colleges and in regiments the teachers, professors, and colonels who develop the greatest traits of human kindness and tolerance in connection with high ideals and morals obtain the best results. With boys, college students and soldiers, youths all in the adventurous and curious period of life, the drastic enforcement of a restricted code leads to evasion and deceitfulness.

Objections to the civilian interference furthermore arise on the grounds that there cannot be two standards of conduct. If the standards of the regimental commanders and the summary court officers cannot differ from those of visiting committees there will be a sad interference with discipline. Nor can visiting committees ever have as human or personal an interest in the men as their officers, men of mature years and experience. The officers have to live with the men and die with the men. The proper development of the men, physical and moral, is of such great personal interest to these officers as to outweigh any moral superiority on the part of civilians even when chosen as moral instructors by civilian army heads.

Officers lacking proper moral qualities are as undesirable as if they lacked purely military qualities. Their removal will come as a matter of course.

The regiment is a family. There will be black sheep in their ranks just as there are black sheep in the ranks of all enterprises. Their evil influences must be weeded out or neutralized or changed. But the inspiration must come from within, not without the ranks. Soldiers will have but little reverence for moral instructors who will accompany them only to the edge of the firing line.

This is no argument against the highest degree of morals in the army, and no deterrent to those who help their fellow men. It merely states that the place to help soldiers is the army.

"He who will be first among you let him be your servant." He would lead the soldier to fight, let him enlist. If he be beyond the enlistment age or suffer from some minor physical disability, let him join the ambulance corps or become a transport driver. The force of good example and of good counsel from within is immeasurable. The effect of the same example and counsel from without will only prove irritating.

THE TRACTION BILLS.

Chicago's hope of getting any traction relief rests with the legislature. The senate has passed the four bills which form the Chicago program and they now go to the house. If they are adopted the city at least has a fair chance to get decent transportation service. If they are defeated, conditions will certainly grow less tolerable.

The most important bill is the measure to enable the city council to grant a thirty year franchise. The improvements advocated by the traction and subway commission, it is estimated, will cost \$200,000,000, and financial men say it would be impossible to finance such a program except on a thirty year basis.

The city is protected from the evils of a long grant by the home rule bill, which places the sole control of street railway matters in a commission of three, to be elected by the city council. The bill also provides that the city may take over the traction properties at the end of thirty years, subject only to a lien representing the outstanding indebtedness. It thus opens one of the quickest and most feasible means of getting municipal ownership, if that should be desired.

The other two bills are incidental but necessary. One permits a merger of the surface and elevated lines if the city consents. The other gives the city enlarged powers to build subways. It gives the city the exclusive right to build and own subways, but it provides they may be leased to an operating company.

Passage of the bills, of course, means that

negotiations will be transferred to the city council, where some time may be expected to elapse before anything is done. Nevertheless, legislative action is the first step. The legislature owes it to the Chicago straphangers to pass these bills.

NEUROTIC POISON IN THE SYSTEM OF JUSTICE.

What happened at Joliet revealed the corruption of public morals by sentimentalism. If the disciplinary processes of the state, from the time an offense is committed, through their whole course in court and in the place of punishment—when there is punishment—are to be controlled by sentimentalism, the system of punishment will collapse and the state will have to take the consequences.

Acting Warden Bowen's statement of what caused the disorder in the Joliet penitentiary shows what will happen when a diseased idea of the relation of the community to persons who have offended it is allowed to prevail. The people who were responsible for the system which went to pieces probably were sincere and confident that it would work out well. It worked out atrociously. Sentimentalism is a disease and it is contaminating.

There is a difference between the application of a rational humanity and a debauch of sentimentalism. A prison system which hardened the convict by abuse and mistreatment and brutalized him by inhumanity would work back on the state. So will one which corrupts every one it touches by its own weakness.

We have allowed sentimentalism to govern in this state. It begins to distort justice as soon as a person is taken for an offense. Sensible police officers complain in vain against it. It permeates the court process as intelligent judges often enough say.

It has made trial by jury an appeal to sobs. It lets murderers go free. It protects the man against whom the community ought to be protected. If it gains much greater headway a crime will be the surest road to local distinction.

We raise youth upon these distorted ideas. They have no fear of consequences because they have reason to believe there will be no unpleasant consequences. They are more likely to find their egotism flattered and their importance enhanced.

No wonder the state cannot handle the criminal elements or keep them from growing larger. It does not try to handle them. Intelligent and honest prosecutors and judges grow sick when they see how the processes of law are corrupted.

The Joliet outbreak was one illustration of the condition of things. The passage of a law by the Illinois legislature modifying, if not wholly abolishing, capital punishment was another.

In public debate, however, it is difficult to defend anything short of asceticism. The man with the severest code can always denounce his more tolerant brother as immoral and the more tolerant brother retires from the field of debate. Thus it is that when the question of the morals of men under governmental control becomes a public issue the ascetics almost invariably obtain control and secure the enactment of extreme regulations which in practice interfere with the best moral and physical health of the army.

In schools and colleges and in regiments the teachers, professors, and colonels who develop the greatest traits of human kindness and tolerance in connection with high ideals and morals obtain the best results. With boys, college students and soldiers, youths all in the adventurous and curious period of life, the drastic enforcement of a restricted code leads to evasion and deceitfulness.

Objections to the civilian interference furthermore arise on the grounds that there cannot be two standards of conduct. If the standards of the regimental commanders and the summary court officers cannot differ from those of visiting committees there will be a sad interference with discipline. Nor can visiting committees ever have as human or personal an interest in the men as their officers, men of mature years and experience. The officers have to live with the men and die with the men. The proper development of the men, physical and moral, is of such great personal interest to these officers as to outweigh any moral superiority on the part of civilians even when chosen as moral instructors by civilian army heads.

Officers lacking proper moral qualities are as undesirable as if they lacked purely military qualities. Their removal will come as a matter of course.

The regiment is a family. There will be black sheep in their ranks just as there are black sheep in the ranks of all enterprises. Their evil influences must be weeded out or neutralized or changed. But the inspiration must come from within, not without the ranks. Soldiers will have but little reverence for moral instructors who will accompany them only to the edge of the firing line.

This is no argument against the highest degree of morals in the army, and no deterrent to those who help their fellow men. It merely states that the place to help soldiers is the army.

"He who will be first among you let him be your servant." He would lead the soldier to fight, let him enlist. If he be beyond the enlistment age or suffer from some minor physical disability, let him join the ambulance corps or become a transport driver. The force of good example and of good counsel from within is immeasurable. The effect of the same example and counsel from without will only prove irritating.

NOW IS THE TIME TO VOLUNTEER.

The success of registration day will go down in history as the United States' first big victory in the war. It is an earnest that we are going to fight, and fight hard. We have only to take the reversible possibility to understand the significance of the occasion. If instead of registering 10,000,000 men had refused to go to the polling places, we should simply have to quit.

Every man who registered is entitled to feel that he did his patriotic duty. But there is something he can do now to give evidence of greater patriotism. He can go and enlist. The fact that he is registered does not preclude his volunteering.

It is plain that if he will be called out anyway he might as well take advantage of the opportunity to select some particular branch of the service. Moreover, his chances of winning an officer's commission will be many times as great.

It is an opportunity not only to demonstrate the highest kind of loyalty, but also to gain the highest military rewards.

The war department needs 300,000 volunteers.

We seem not so much to be soft hearted as soft headed.

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Guaranteed

The American Tobacco Co.

INCORPORATED

YOU must always think of our guarantee on every package of Lucky Strike Cigarettes as a direct personal message from The American Tobacco Company to you—not as a mere business formality.

Read it; this is what it says:

GUARANTEE

If these cigarettes are not in perfect condition, or if they are not entirely satisfactory in every way, return the package and as many of the cigarettes as you have not smoked, to your dealer and he will refund your money.

The American Tobacco Co.

You couldn't ask for anything more complete, sweeping or unreserved, could you? You are protected, the dealer is protected: everyone who pays his money for **Lucky Strike Cigarettes** is given the squarest deal that plain English can define.

There are no strings to this guarantee, visible or invisible: if not in "perfect condition" or "entirely satisfactory in every way" he will "refund your money."

Isn't it a satisfaction to you to buy goods in which the manufacturer's confidence is so completely expressed, and the dealer's confidence so thoroughly backed up? It gives you confidence; brings us all together—a complete circle of confidence.

Lucky Strike Cigarettes are offering an entirely new flavor to cigarette smokers: they are a new creation in cigarette manufacture, because the Burley tobacco is toasted. Toasted tobacco represents the first big advance in cigarette manufacture in 20 years. Lucky Strike is the real Burley cigarette: you'll enjoy it immensely the new flavor: the new idea:

It's toasted



**20
for
10c**

If your dealer does not carry them, send \$1 for a carton of 10 packages to The American Tobacco Co., New York City

LUCKY
STRIKE

ANOTHER BOOST BY SENATE FOR BOXING BILL

Passes Second Reading
with Flying Colors; Up
for Vote Next Week.

By E. O. PHILLIPS.
Springfield, Ill., June 6.—[Special.]—The boxing bill won another distinct victory—its second winning within twenty-four hours—when it went through second reading in the senate with colors flying, and is now ready to be called on its passage.

All that stands in the way of an athletic commission bill is the necessity to record twenty-six affirmative votes when the bill is called on its passage, with the necessity, of course, of executive action, following its passage by the senate.

Weakening Amendment Beaten.

There is much new life and vigor in the bill tonight by reason of its marked success on second reading. With five of its known supporters absent the bill sustained an attack made against it by an amendment offered by Senator Hull. The purpose of the amendment was to provide that all contests held under the provisions of the bill should be called on its passage.

On test roll call the amendment was defeated 18 to 5, with five supporters of the bill not in their seats. Friends of the bill figured at least twenty-three votes in sight on final passage, with three more necessary to put it over.

Withdraws Holding Motion.

Senator Barbour of the Twenty-fifth ward, Evanston, district, sought to hold the bill on second reading. He made such a motion, but when he saw the direction of the wind he withdrew his motion and permitted the bill to be advanced, announcing his determination to bring it to the floor of the Senate on third reading.

Probabilities are that no effort will be made to call the bill on its passage until some time next week. There are many other bills on the calendar that have precedence over the one that was advanced today, and there is no disposition of its backers to take advantage of any other pending measures.

Good Chance to Pass.

As the bill now stands, awaiting its final vote, it is in precisely the shape in which it was passed the first time so that there is no necessity of its return to the house in the event that the senate acts favorably. The senate passed a bill, not nearly as tightly drawn as this one, at its last session. The impression exists that it can be passed, particularly in view of the fact that much of the substantial opposition to it has been withdrawn from organized sources.

**Kid Lewis Outpoints
Britton in Ten Rounds**

St. Louis, Mo., June 6.—[Special.]—Ted (Kid) Lewis outpointed Jack Britton of Chicago, welterweight, in a ten round bout here tonight. Lewis had the better of the milling in seven rounds and forced the fight at all times. Britton lacked his usual "pep."

**Fulton Matched to Meet
Sam Langford on June 19**

Minneapolis, Minn., June 6.—Fred Fulton, Minnesota heavyweight, and Sam Langford of Boston have been matched to fight twelve rounds to a referee's decision in Boston, June 19, according to a telegram received today from Fulton's manager.

**Northcott Tops Shooters;
Breaks 93 in Practice**

W. P. Northcott led a good sized field of amateurs in yesterday's practice shoot at the South Shore Country club preparatory to the two day registered tournament which will start this morning at 9 o'clock. Northcott broke 93 of 100 targets from sixteen yards. Bart Lewis, professional, broke 96. In a fifty target distance handicap C. G. Edwards was high run with 46.

Today's competition will consist of ten fifteen target events. Tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock a 100 target contest will be started, and at 1 p. m. the South Shore club handicap of 100 targets will be staged. Scores in practice events:

100 targets, 16 yards—Bart Lewis [pro].

96: W. P. Northcott, 93; Ben Donnelly, 93;

95: Fred Fulton, 92; George Edwards, 92;

93: E. W. Clancy [pro], 89; C. G. Bur-

nseller, 88; Bert Smith, 85; Cadwallader, 85;

Skinke, 81; C. G. Edwards, 80; Carl Horis, 78;

Willey, 81; McKenna, 80; C. G. Edwards, 78;

Kyne, 78; Snodgrass, 77; Johnson, 77;

Brown, 75; Johnson, 75; O. Thomas,

70; W. C. Peacock, 70; R. E. Peacock, 67;

50 targets distance handicap—Burster,

47; C. G. Edwards, 46; Edwards, 45;

43; Beckwith, 42; Skinner, 40; Willey, 39;

Atherton, 38; Northcott, 37; Apperson, 36.

**Sargent Gets Medal for
Proficiency in Shooting**

H. E. Sargent of the South Shore Country club yesterday received notices that he had been awarded the 85 per cent proficiency medal by the American Association of Shooting Proficiency. The medal goes to shooters making ten certified scores of 45 out of 50 targets, and in winning his insignia he cracked 400 of 500 clay birds in strings of fifty, making high average of 91.



COMING BACK!

The Mighty Swatman of the Pirates, "Honus" Wagner, Finally Contracts the "Fever" and Comes Out of Retirement to Battle on Diamond.



Honus Wagner

GERMAN COMMANDER BARS YANKEE JOCKEY IN RICH STAKE RACE

BERLIN, June 5, via London, June 6.—Although George Archibald, the American jockey, received a special permit to ride in the Grand Prix in Hamburg on Sunday, he was not in the race, and racetrack patrons have been guessing why he did not mount Baron von Oppenheim's Delman in the 100,000 mark event. The Kleine Journal of Berlin today announces the commander of the Ninth Army corps visited the appearance of the American.

Archibald has been barred from riding on German tracks since the break in regulations. Last Thursday he received a special dispensation to mount Dolman, which promptly became a favorite in the betting. From certain quarters, in which the American jockey has been dignifiedly "the German racing," there was launched in the last minute a protest which resulted in the substitution of a German jockey.

Dolman was a poor fourth in the race, which was won by an outsider with an apprentice on top. Archibald has been a prime favorite with followers of running races, who invariably play him liberally.

**Kieckhefer Takes Match;
Runaway in Last Block**

Atteagle Kieckhefer of Milwaukee ran away from Bob Cannefox of St. Louis in the final block of their three cushion match at Mussey's Monroe street room, winning, 50 to 30, in 201 innings, and taking the match, 150 to 120, in 204 innings. Scores at each tenth inning:

KIECKHEFER—15, 20, 36, 43, 49, 50; IN-

GUNNIFAX—4, 12, 17, 21, 30, 30; IN-

NING, 50. Referee—Bill Kieckhefer.

**Propose 1-8 Per Cent War
Tax on Retail Sport Goods**

Washington, D. C., June 6.—Decisions

by the senate finance committee today in its consideration of the war tax bill included a substitute tax of 1-8 per cent on the retail price of athletic goods estimated to yield \$2,000,000 and to be paid by manufacturers.

Woods and Waters of Jersey

FE ANGLERS' NEWS.

MANY local anglers spent Memorial day in the Fox Lake region and on the whole fared better than those who went much farther north. It seems that the father north goes the worse the weather gets—if weather can possibly be worse any place than in these parts.

The mercury strayed especially the Fox and remained in fairly good fishing condition until the recent heavy rains. Now all we can do is to bide our time and pray for good weather.

J. B. Crawford caught eleven bass at Pitskill one day last week.

Will Dilg journeyed to Alma, Wis., on the upper Mississippi to get his houseboat in shape for the good fishing.

Claude Refner caught eight bass at Fox lake Sunday. Three of 'em weighed ten pounds. He did it with his famous "bugs."

Fred Farnsworth, famous minnow player, spent last week at Little Arbor, Vilas lake, Wis.

The hatch of pike perch, commonly called wall eye perch, is completed at the Spring Grove hatchery. About a million fry were planted recently in the Kankakee at Wilmington and other points on the stream.

Bill Jamison made a killing on the Coon river last week, bringing home the limit of trout. If Bill can't get 'em they can't be got, b'gosh.

**White Flannels, Silks and Linens—
Specialties of Ours**

White Flannels, Silks and Linens—
Specialties of Ours

White Flannel, Silks and Linens—
Specialties of Ours

FASHION'S BLUE BOOK

**For Beauty's Sake
Don't Let That
Double Chin Grow**

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.



BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—[Special Correspondence.]—For a long time past gloves have been quelled. Now, however, they are once more unleashed. And at all the smart occasions one sees them again. They are the arm to meet the short sleeves of many of the most stunning one piece frocks. Biscuit shade is about the most polite thing these elbow length gloves can be, and this tone is generally preferred to either black or white.

The woman in today's drawing meets the exigencies of her short sleeved, dappled little coat of white broadcloth with white gloves. And with it goes that

new thing in spring millinery, a broadcloth hat. The skirt is of black and white plaid wool, which appears again on the coat's.

The footwear selected here consists of black patent leather pumps with white garters. These latter, by the way, are still popular and range the entire gamut of beige, biscuit, and tan. At the various horse shows, however, a great many road boots of dark leather, and frequently have the Cuban heel. Tan pumps with stockings of the same tint are also smart, and altogether the woman who does not possess some species of brown footgear appears as out of it as an elephant without its trunk.

Tribune Cook Book

All recipes have been scientifically tested by Miss Eddington, with current market materials and are indexed by her.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

That Canned Asparagus.

In numerous letters on cold pack canning there have been expressions something like this: "What I am particularly anxious about is to ascertain if you have a packer of love affair upon which you need the counsel of a friend, write Doris Blake. Send stamped, addressed envelope if you wish personal reply."

Recipes for simple vegetables are not given in the book because it is infinitely more important to give the general principles than endless lists of recipes. Women have got to get the broader outlook in cooking than cookery by a few recipes gives them. Following a few set rules, they are not stimulated to think out the whys and wherefores which make for progress.

The canning time tables say scald or blanch asparagus from two to four minutes. A tall can is needed if the stems are canned whole. Therefore, before blanching, the stems are cleaned and graded to fit can. The woody end is cut off, making each stem of the same length. All the stems are fastened together in a fagot. A rubber band is the easiest thing to use. The whole bundle is then put in the middle of a square of cheesecloth, which is wrapped up around it and the ends put into a rubber band. It is now ready to blanch.

The best way to blanch this prepared bundle of asparagus is to stand the lower end in boiling water for two minutes. After two minutes turn the whole down to a simmer and let it remain another two minutes. Lift out, plunge into very cold water, immediately remove, and then pack closely in the can and add boiling water to half way up the stem. It is now ready to be cooked for two hours in a hot water bath.

Spinach is steamed before being packed. This is better for all greens. Otherwise, they must cook too much. Steaming reduces volume too. Never needs to be added to tomatoes, and the better vegetables are packed the less water can be used, and the less the better.

Girls! Try This on Your Hands! Make a Lemon Beauty Cream

Juice of lemons clears, softens and whitens the skin. Prepare a wonderful complexion lotion for a few cents!

"It seems that every girl and woman here is making lemon lotion," says a well-known druggist, and the reason is because at the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream, they can prepare a full quarter pint of a creamy lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of Orchard White. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman has known for years

that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness, and tan, and is the ideal skin softener and beautifier.

Try it, girls! Get three ounces of Orchard White at any pharmacy or toilet counter and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms, and hands. It should naturally help to whiten, soften, freshen and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands. It is splendid.

Safe Milk
for
Infants and Invalids
HORICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, fine powder form.
For infants, invalids, children, teenagers.
Pure nutrition, rebuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nervous system and the spinal.
More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc.
Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitute Cost, YOU SAME PRICE.

commanding my imaginary army to halt. I heard some one laugh. Turning around, I saw a little girl's chubby face looking over the fence at me.

"Who are you?" she demanded.

"O, I said, "I live here now; won't you come over and play?"

She hopped over the fence and was soon telling me that she was a widow, and her son was a teacher, and she wanted to be a teacher. Whereupon I informed her that I was two years her senior and was going to be a soldier.

Then I asked her to be my soldier and I was to be her captain, but she wanted to be the captain instead of me, so we had an argument, but at last she gave in.

David winter came we went to school and when the next fall we were sent away to a boarding school and stayed away for four years. A job added two more.

Then I came home and the first thing I did was to go and see Mary. I sure was surprised for she had grown to be a little blonde beauty. But I soon learned I had small chances with Mary, for she was getting prettier, she had grown popular and it was every time I wanted to take her out she had a previous engagement. Well, I had to go back to work, but I was determined to make Mary write to me. So as soon as I reached the city I wrote to Mary and received a prompt reply.

I did not go home again until the next Christmas, and just before I left I received a letter from Mary asking me what I wanted from Santa. I wrote and told her that it was a sword. Before I left for home this time I bought a pretty diamond ring, and before I went to my own home I stopped in to see Mary. I told her I came to see if Santa would give me my soldier for Christmas. She laughed and said she would not argue with me this time. For fifteen years I have been Mary's captain, but our army has increased to six, and a very happy army it is, too.

You Win, John.

Dear Miss Blake: I had an argu-

WASHBURNS THREE
As They Would Look Were Father Leaving for the Front.
No, He's Not. Not Yet.



The Successful Home Garden

This department will appear daily and Sunday in "The Tribune." Inquiries from readers desiring information concerning seeds, plants, gardens, or other topics may be addressed to The Garden Editor.

BY J. P. H. HEIDE.

Now—Green and wax pod beans, Savoy cabbage, midseason corn, cucumbers, summer endive, kale, kohlrabi, lettuce, snapdragons, late peas, pumpkins, radishes, rutabagas, New Zealand spinach, squash.

Plant now—Winter potatoes.

Transplant now—Midseason,

midseason, late cabbage, red cab-

bage, Savoy cabbage, midseason and late

cauliflower, early celery, eggplant, kohlrabi, lettuce, onions, peppers, tomatoes.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q.—Kindly tell me how to combat the insect that has repeatedly destroyed my Hubbard squashes after fruit is formed and well advanced, so that it will kill the vines and rot the root. I have tried slugshot and paris green without success.

2. What is the best way to guard against weevil in peas and beans?

—M. A. McD.

A.—1. Your ground is infested with stem borers—soft, white, grublike larvae which attack cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, and particularly squash. Parasites especially as she is passionately fond of the cat. Indeed, she was so carried away with it that she laid down the doll and took Mother Atossa in her arms saying, "After all, she's only a doll, but Mother Atossa's alive."

C. L. R.

Mary Adella was playing with a new

doll when her grandmother's Persian

cat, called in the family Mother Atossa,

came along and began to caress and caress the doll.

This tribute of approval of

her doll pleased Mary Adella greatly,

especially as she is passionately fond of

the cat. Indeed, she was so carried

away with it that she laid down the

doll and took Mother Atossa in her arms

saying, "After all, she's only a

doll, but Mother Atossa's alive."

C. L. R.

Frances' was mischievous, yet when

she wished to send a message to a friend

or relative she invariably said, "Tell

them I am a good girl."

One day a friend had been visiting her mother and was leaving for another city to visit one of Frances' aunts, and she asked her:

What should tell her Aunt Mary for her?

As usual, Frances said, "Tell her I am a good girl."

"Why, why," said the friend, "how

can I tell her that?"

"O, well," she said, "it won't hurt

you to tell a lie."

N. K.

Johnny was a small boy of about 5

years, and he had a baby sister who was

just learning to walk. One day Johnny

saw his little sister start across the

few steps for the first time. Johnny

rushed to his mother and said,

"O, mamma, come here quick! Baby's

walkin' her hind legs!"

H. J.

Herbert was in the habit of asking his

Aunt Birdie for a penny every time he

saw her. Aunt Birdie told him not to

ask for pennies, as it was impudent.

The next time Aunt Birdie called Herbert

was just being put to bed, and he said,

"Say, Aunt Birdie, in case you give

Kathryn a penny, put mine on the window sill!"

M. K.

Leave Card by Phone.

For persons who are absent when

telephone calls are received, a Michigan

man has invented a device that enables

the unanswered caller to record his own

number, so that he can be reached when

the absent man returns.

Removing Mud Stains.

When clothing is stained with mud

over, wash it, dry, then brush out as much as

possible, and apply a mixture of salt

and flour. Leave for a day or two in a

dry place and then brush off.

Special Drive This Week

on Hot Water Heaters

You cannot live without hot water—it is one of the

essentials of daily life.

Day and night, winter and summer, it is something

you must have at frequent intervals.

The quickest, cheapest, and best means of obtaining

hot water—when you want it and in any quantities you

want—is by means of a gas water heater.

In order that every Chicago family may enjoy the

many advantages of a good water heater we attached a

purchasing certificate to every gas bill sent out during

the month of May,—good until July 1st,—unless stock is

sold out before that date.

They are good for four dollars applied on the pur-

chase of a Humphrey No. 5-1 water heater.

The Humphrey is a standard high class copper coil

heater. Regular price twenty-five dollars, which the

certificate reduces to twenty-one dollars,—monthly install-

ments with your gas bill if you wish.

This price is lower than "before the war"—when

our present stock is exhausted the price will have to go

up. We cannot renew our contracts at the old figure.

Use your hot water certificate now and avoid hav-

ing to pay a sharp increase in price later.

Act now—visit our downtown salesroom or one of

our branch stores and have the salesman demonstrate

these heaters for you.

CLEWS FOUND IN CLAY PIT BEHIND BURR OAK INN

Detectives Suspect Water Hides Missing Men and Autos.

Detectives from State's Attorney Hoyne's office yesterday dragged the clay pit back of the Burr Oak Inn for further evidence of crime.

In a measure their efforts were rewarded. Parts of automobiles, long since rusted away, were fished from the hole with grappling hooks and drags.

The high wind prevented the use of boats. The work will be taken up again this week.

Auto Huts Lead to Pit.
Heavy automobile parts lead from the inn to the pit. Employees of the Rock Island railroad, which runs close to the edge of the pool, so they told detectives, had never seen automobiles drive up to the pool during the daytime.

This led the detectives to believe that automobiles have been driven over the bank for their insurance or the pool has been used as a grave yard for missing men.

Sam Harris Buried.
The funeral of Sam Harris, one of the owners of the inn, who was killed while attempting to escape from the office of the state's attorney last Sunday, was held during the afternoon at the Central Undertaking company, 318 Federal street.

When Rabbi Morris Ungerleider told of the happiness of Harris' home life the widow ran to the casket, clasping it in her arms.

"Baby," she cried, "wait for me. I'll be with you soon. Why are you so cold?" She was carried outside by the brothers of the dead man.

Mrs. Carrie O'Day, the mother of George "Peggy" O'Day, who was killed at Burr Oak last October, smiled as she watched the widow's grief.

"I am the happiest woman in the world," said the mother. "Harris has received punishment for the death of my son. I only hope that his widow is tortured as I have been."

ILLINOIS G. A. R. MEETS FOR CAMP AT BLOOMINGTON

Bloomington, Ill., June 6.—[Special.]—Battles of the civil war were fought over again tonight when veterans assembling to attend the fifty-first annual encampment of Grand Army of the Republic, department of Illinois, heard speakers at campfires recall incidents of the great conflict.

Among those who addressed the old soldiers was W. J. Calfee of Decatur, retiring department commander; Mrs. Ida K. Martin, national president of the Women's Relief corps; Mrs. Myrtle Best, national president Daughters of Veterans; Mrs. Alice Gurney, department president Ladies of the Grand Army, and J. M. Stevenson, senior vice commander of Grand Army.

Mrs. Nellie Eastman of Dixon, retiring president of Women's Relief corps, was presented with a number of valuable jewels and an insignia of the order.

Springfield, Rockford, and Danville have large delegations seeking next year's encampment. The number of delegates is estimated tonight at 10,000.

Want Better Car Service.
Two hundred residents of Bensenville presented a petition addressed to the transportation committee of the city council asking for more frequent service on the North Robey street surface car.



Give "Them" a Victrola for a present

Give them a Victrola to make their home life sweeter—to help them entertain.

\$10 will place this \$100 Style XVI, Victrola in a home. Then you pay the balance in easy monthly installments.

Every Victrola we sell is guaranteed—remember that.

GEO. BENT GENERAL AGENT
Geo. H. Bent, Retail Manager
214 South Wabash Avenue
First Floor North of McCarty's

GEO. P. BENT CO.
Please send me FREE catalog and information about the following:

Victrolas Victor Records
 Record Players Player-Pianos

Name _____

Address _____

Mandel Brothers

Costume section, fourth floor

Extra special transaction enables us to quote remarkable savings on

1,000 women's and misses' summer frocks in "the sale of the season"

Two leading makers of high grade dresses have made up, according to our style specifications, their entire surplus of summer fabrics. The result is a gratifying collection of smart frocks at economies seldom duplicated at this season—and that will be enthusiastically acclaimed by hundreds of women.



Group 2—modish dresses

at **7.50**

Handsome models—all-voile, voile-and-cotton or novelty cotton fabrics—figured, striped or plain colored effects. Also, ginghams in combinations of plaids and plain colors. See illustration below.

Group 1—clever frocks

at **\$5**

Several charming styles in flowered or plain white voiles, with girdle of self material and sheer collar and cuffs. Also, colettes in a variety of colors—plain trimmed. See picture above.



Group 3—smart gowns

at **\$10**

Modish garments of sheer cotton fabrics in attractive patterns; plain colors or all-white; ideal for informal social functions or street wear. Two smart styles are sketched above. Fourth floor

As these values will be eagerly sought, your early selection is advised

Mandel Brothers

Costume shop, fourth floor

Attractions for the equestrienne:

Beach cloth riding habits

--cool--"summery"-- **19.75**

Belted and straight line models, as pictured:



plain tan or striped; correctly designed and well tailored. Sizes for women and misses.

Khaki riding habits, \$15

practical habits for woman or miss; correctly cut.

Riding breeches, 3.95

of white cotton gabardine and fastened with ivory bone buttons. Others of khaki or gabardine. 3.75 and 8.75.

Hats, stocks, puttees, vestees.

crops and jewelry in wide variety of correct modes—assembled in sports apparel section, fourth floor.

RESORTS—FOREIGN

Ocean Travel.

(a) West Indies

(b) South America

(c) Central America

BY THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.

THE PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(b) The Helms Line

SOUTH AFRICA

BY UNION-CASTLE LINE

SANDWICH ISLANDS, GOLD COAST, ETC.

OR ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENTS

DEPT. OF STATE, NEW YORK, OR ANY OTHER PORT

FOR ALL INFORMATION, ADDRESS F. C. GOWEN, WESTERN PASSENGER AGENT, 14 NORTH DEADERICK STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

TELEPHONE RANDOLPH 6-2500.

20 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

REGULAR PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE.

Hats
17

SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
MARKETS, WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Do Your Bit Now + Join the Red Cross

SEEK CHICAGOAN AS KIDNAPER OF MISSOURI LAD

City Police Deny Request to Search Here for Keet Boy Captor.

HEROES
Detective Sergeant, Seriously Wounded in Battle with Thief, and Garage Man Who Made Arrest.



Detective Sgt. Robert Hoffmann

BURGLAR SHOOTS POLICEMAN, BUT IS SHOT AND HELD

Garage Owner Makes the Capture After Sergeant Corcoran Falls.

Detective Sgt. Martin Corcoran
of the Town Hall police was shot and dangerously wounded in a running fight with Albert Johnson, a burglar, at Waveland avenue and Broadway yesterday. Johnson, who was also wounded, was arrested by Robert M. Hoffman, 601 Cornelia avenue, owner of the H. garage, 3707 Waveland avenue, who fired two shots at him. Johnson escaped and was recaptured by Hoffman.

Johnson confessed that, with a confederate, he had robbed the apartment of Donald H. Innes, a broker at 3707 Pine Grove avenue. The burglars carried away in a basket jewelry and clothing valued at several hundred dollars. They were waiting for a stalled street car at Waveland avenue when Detective Corcoran questioned them. Both burglars ran. One escaped.

Sergeant Gives Chase.
Corcoran pursued Johnson, who opened fire. One of Corcoran's bullets struck the man in the right shoulder. Struck by a bullet in the left arm, Corcoran fell as Johnson threw away his revolver and darted into an alley.

"Get that man! I'm done for," Corcoran called to Hoffman, who had rushed into the street from the garage office. Hoffman picked up Johnson's revolver and chased the thief. He fired twice, and the burglar stopped and threw up his hands. Hoffman marched him to his garage, into which Corcoran had been carried.

Prisoner Tricks Captors.

The burglar stood beside the prostrate policeman and said, "Don't die." Then he ran into a toilet and escaped through a window. The policeman again pursued, and with Johnson's revolver. He found the burglar half hidden in a box of sawdust behind the Flat Iron laundry, 3629 Halsted street, and again captured him. Johnson was turned over to the Town Hall police, who sent him and the wounded detective to the Alexian Brothers' hospital. After Johnson's injury had been dressed he was locked up. It was said at the hospital Corcoran could hardly live through the night.

Corcoran is 41 years old and lives at 1908 Larchmont avenue. He has been on the police force eleven years. Johnson gave his place of residence as 1629 North Winthrop avenue.

MOTOR THIEVES' PLANT RAIDED; FOUR ARRESTED

Police Recover Cars Find Trail Leading to Other Cities.

Police Recover Cars Find Trail Leading to Other Cities.

Munition Maker Sought.

Plans to abduct a St. Louis manufacturer of munitions, as part of a German conspiracy to block the shipment of such supplies, were confessed to Paul O'Day, prosecuting attorney, by Pierson. The plan was given up as impracticable, however. Pierson denied.

Authorities doubt the plot, but expected themselves as believing they were near the solution of the Keet mystery.

One of Taylor Adams' sons was said to have been employed at a downtown store here, from which mysterious lights flashed a few days ago, causing a signal to the abductors of the Keet baby.

Other arrests are expected.

Today's arrests and the revelation of the contemplated kidnapping of Clement have overshadowed the interest taken in the whereabouts of the Keet baby.

Keet Still Hopeful.

The family in the Keet home were still hopeful tonight, but did not feel that the events of the last two hours had left them absolutely bewildered. The young father had been confident that the baby would be returned last night.

"I do not know what to think," he declared today, "but I am still hoping."

Missing Iowa Boy Murdered.

Mason City, Ia., June 6.—The body of Donald Flynn, 7 years old, who disappeared from here yesterday, was found today fifteen miles from Mason City. Apparently the boy had been murdered.

QUICK LUNCHES BRING PHTHISIS, DOCTOR WARNS

The youth whose lunches consists of a piece of pie, a cup of coffee, and a cigar, and the "growing" young girl who wears \$10 shoes and eats a 30 cent dinner, by lowering their bodily resistance, help latent or inactive tuberculosis to become active and dangerous.

This was the statement made by Dr. John Ritter to the Chicago Medical society last night.

Every adult sufferer from tuberculosis violated some hygienic law," he said, "and the physician can only say, 'Continued indoor confinement, unwholesome air, summer raiment worn in winter, excessive drinking, carousing, insufficient sleep or rest, overeating, and insufficient nourishment are important factors to be avoided if one would escape tuberculosis.' Dr. Ritter added.

Others who spoke were Drs. R. H. Brown, M. J. Hubeny, A. M. Cowlin, and Charles Jacobs.

PASTOR WOULD USE GIRLS' VANITY FOR REVIVAL ADS

When advertising revival meetings in your church a good way to attract women is to have your advertisement printed on small mirrors which you can give them. They will be sure to look into the mirrors and will then see the ad.

This was the advice given by the Rev. M. E. Rompel of Belvidere, former pastor of Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church, Chicago, who was one of the speakers yesterday at the church publicity conference in connection with the Associated Advertising Club of the World.

"Print on your advertisements rules for hotels, road guides for automobiles, score cards for baseball games, puzzle cards for the children," he said.

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and Co. & C. F. Peck Assoc.

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SOUTHERN HOTEL, 2200 WELLS STREET

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FUSE COMPANY TO BUILD SEVEN STORY FACTORY

Buys Property at South-west Corner of Michigan and Congress.

Real Estate Transfers

Real estate transfers filed for record yesterday total 135, of which 109 were in the city and 26 outside, including 7 under the Torrens system. Transfers were as follows:	
Lake View.....	7 Cleve.....
North Avenue.....	14 Fricke.....
South town.....	4 New Trier.....
Myde Park.....	16 Rogers Park.....
Lake.....	19 Ridgeville Park.....
Calumet.....	2 Bloom.....
West town.....	42 Maine.....
Lyons.....	2 Palatine.....
Thornton.....	1
West side business property and side business and apartment property figured prominently in yesterday's real estate market news. The west side deal was the purchase by the Chicago Fuse Manufacturing company from four different owners of the property at the southwest corner of Congress and Morgan streets, 119x150 feet, the consideration being \$100,000. The purchaser company will be announced later. The purchasing company will be associated with a seven story factory building to cost \$170,000. The company is at present located directly across the street from the property just purchased, which was acquired from Joseph L. White et al., John Cantion, the Chicago Cable and Trust company, trustee, and John Hawke et al. Percy Q. Cook represented both parties.	
South Side Deal.	
A noteworthy transaction in the Stony Island avenue district was the purchase by William M. Miller, president of the Bank of Commerce, from Minnie Blaser of the property at the southeast corner of Stony Island avenue and Sixty-eighth street, lot 109x111 feet, improved with a building containing three stories and eighteen apartments, erected about two years ago. The consideration is said to have been \$114,000, the purchaser giving back a purchase money mortgage for \$40,000, the balance to be paid at 6 per cent. The annual rental of the building is said to be about \$12,000. The purchaser conveyed in exchange a farm of 320 acres near Centralia, Ill., valued at \$40,000. The purchaser was represented by Will J. Bell.	
The high grade six apartment building at 333-40 Michigan avenue, 110x160 feet, built from plans sold by Arthur E. Hyatt to Myra C. Schwab for reported consideration of \$60,000. The apartments contain nine rooms and three baths and rent at \$100 to \$115 a month, the building having a gross annual rent of \$7,860. The sale was subject to an incumbrance of \$29,000, the purchaser conveying for the equity the business property in the apartment complex. The building stands on Park boulevard and Lake park avenue, 61x71 feet, improved with a two story building with stores and offices, which was conveyed subject to an incumbrance of \$30,000. Robert J. Watt of Moore & Schmidt was the broker.	
Cottage Grove Corner Sold.	
The property at the southeast corner of Cottage Grove avenue and Sixty-fifth street has been conveyed by William J. Pugh to Silas H. Wixson of Janesville, Wis., the consideration being nominal, subject to an incumbrance of \$15,000, but said to have been \$70,000. The lot is 109x110 feet and is improved with a three story building containing seven stories and eighteen apartments. The building is said to have a gross annual rent of about \$8,300. An 800 acre wheat farm in southeast Saskatchewan valued at \$26,000 was given in part payment. Robert F. Schmidt & Co. were the brokers.	
C. F. S. of the York Electric corporation has sold to Edward H. Hughes the high grade six apartment building and garage at 4001-33 Sheridan road, between Edgecomb place and Crescent place, for a reported cash consideration of \$35,000, subject to an incumbrance of \$12,000. Mr. Hughes will hold the property for its future business prospects and will not remodel for the present. Victor J. Curto of W. K. Young & Bro. was the broker.	
Malden Street Transaction.	
Recently has been made of the transfer by Kate D. Sturtevant to William R. Pfeiffer, postmaster at Lincoln Park station, of the Jeffery "headstede" at the northwest corner of Malden street and Sunnyside avenue, lot 150x160, with large residence of thirty-five rooms, occupied as a family hotel, for a stated consideration of \$35,000.	
The Chicago Title and Trust company is holding a loan of \$100,000, at 6 per cent, from DeForrest A. Mattheson on the Drexel Manor apartments at 27-29 Forty-sixth street, being 220 feet west of Drexel boulevard, lot 125x282, closing 5.03c. January 15, January closed 4.82c.	
Solicitor Jailed for Fraud.	
William G. Stecher, 505 North Dearborn street, was charged with having obtained several hundred dollars by soliciting donations among the clergyman and business men for the Old Railway Conductors, Inc., Highland Park. He will be tried for a fine of \$250. July 1. Judge Newcomer of the Circuit court sent him to jail and sent to the bridge for six months.	
The same trust company is also trustee in a loan of \$85,000, ten years at 6 per cent, to the Norwegian-American Hospital society on its property in Franklin.	

YOUR HOME IS ONE OF YOUR MOST VALUABLE POSSESSIONS Protect it with a TORRENS CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

Which is based on court decree and is an obligation of Cook County. If your property is registered under this system you can convey it in an hour's time at a cost of \$2.00 or, if you so desire, you can borrow on it as quickly as you can on a bond or certificate of stock. The Register of Titles maintains an office force of trained men who daily serve over 2000 people interested in Cook County real estate. They will be pleased to furnish you with any information you may desire regarding the Torrens System, which is the most modern method of land registration.

JOSEPH F. HAAS
Recorder of Deeds and Registrar of Titles
County Building, Clark and Washington Streets

CLASH ON WAY TO END STREET CAR ROW LIKELY

**Men of Surface and 'L' to
Meet Busby and
Budd Today.**

Indications were apparent yesterday that the controversy arising from the demands of the street car men will not be settled without arbitration. But the question of what procedure shall be followed in arbitrating is likely to bring about a dispute in itself.

This afternoon representatives of the car men's union will hold another conference with President Busby of the surface lines in the latter's office. They will present him with their union's demands of a 2 cent wage increase, and will reopen their original demands for a considerably larger increase and a eight hour working day.

Tangle Over Umpire Likely.

As Mr. Busby has made a public statement that the company has no offer to make other than that of the 2 cent rate it is probable that the arbitration proposal will be broached early in the conference, unless, which seems unlikely, a compromise is reached. In this case, the question of procedure will arise.

Relative to this, the position of the company is that each side should first select representatives, the representatives to choose an umpire. The union leaders, however, express themselves as opposed to this, preferring that the umpire shall be selected as the first step. They declare the company representatives could postpone the choosing of an umpire indefinitely.

"L" Men to Meet Budd.

Representatives of the "L" operating employees union will meet President Budd of the Chicago Elevated railways at the same time. They will discuss counter proposals made by Mr. Budd following the presentation of demands for higher wages and the eight hour day.

Western Union Gives Bonuses to Employees

Bonuses for employees of the Western Union Telegraph company were announced yesterday. It amounts to \$12.50 for each half of the current year for messenger, 8 per cent of all salaries less than \$1,200, or 10 per cent of salaries of \$1,200 or more up to \$2,000, and 5 per cent of salaries over \$2,000. The first bonus will be paid July 1.

COFFEE.

NEW YORK, June 6.—SUGAR—Prices were quoted for sugar in the market for coffee futures here today and after opening two points lower to one point higher, the market closed at 87c. The market for coffee futures prices were within a point or two of the two previous days.

On Sept. 7, 87c; Oct. 7, 86c; Nov. 7.9c; Dec. 7.9c; Jan. 8.0c; Feb. 8.0c; March 8.1c; April 8.1c; May 8.2c. Spot was dull; Rio 7c, 10%; Santos 4c, 10%. The official cables showed Santos spot at 8c, Rio 7c. Santos futures were 2c less than 100 reis lower. The market closed at 87c. 1,000 bags; June 10c, 100 reis; July 10c, 100 reis. Daily receipts, 4,000 bags.

Court adjourned until 9 a. m. tomorrow.

Rock River News Conference Name.

ROCK RIVER, Ill., June 6.—The Rock River will be the name of the consolidated Rock River and Dixon Baptist associations. The officers are: President, the Rev. Frank Mosher; DeKalb, and secretary-treasurer, the Rev. Alph Hinkle, Sterling. Resolutions were passed by the association to President William Bushell.

SUGAR.

CHICAGO, June 6.—SUGAR—Prices were quoted by the wholesale dealers per 100 lbs: Powdered, standard, \$5.75; standard, cane molasses, \$5.75; standard, \$5.75; extra, \$7.00; canary, \$7.50.

NEW YORK, June 6.—SUGAR—There were no sales of Cuban sugar reported today, but there were some sales of Cuban sugar at higher prices, nothing being available under \$100 per ton and freight for any position. There were sales of 8,000 bags of sugar at 8c per bag, Rio 7c, 10%; Santos 4c, 10%. The official cables showed Santos spot at 8c, Rio 7c. Santos futures were 2c less than 100 reis lower. The market closed at 87c. 1,000 bags; June 10c, 100 reis; July 10c, 100 reis. Daily receipts, 4,000 bags.

Court adjourned until 9 a. m. tomorrow.

THE NAME BEHIND THE TIRE

G & J TIRE COMPANY

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G. W. & W. EARN 1917 SURPLUS OF \$1,404,306

Year's Returns Equal to
8.01 Per Cent on the
Capital Stock.

In the annual report of Gaston, Williams & Wigmore for the concern's first fiscal year which closed on April 30, 1917, there is shown a surplus of \$1,404,306 after all charges and dividends of \$1,200,000. The year's returns were equivalent to 8.01 per cent on the 300,000 shares of capital stock. The shares have no par value. The income account follows:

April 30, 1917.
\$2,881,720

Net income..... \$762,655

Less interest paid..... 695,047

Dividends paid..... 181,050

Mr. from other cos..... 148,500

Total other inc..... 309,558

Less taxes.....

Average of disc on ac-
tual gold notes..... 36,069

Total inc for per..... 300,488

Divs declared..... 1,200,000

Divs for net prof acts..... 287,002

Res. to cover disc..... 350,000

Surplus for period..... \$1,404,306

Surplus April 20, 1916..... 4,623

The gross volume of business for the year ended April 30, 1917, the company reports that of the \$1,000,000 outstanding notes of the company \$1,000,000 was paid off April 15, 1917. The unfilled orders on the books at the close of the year are given at \$22,877,763. The company advertises that it has only service for sale.

The Stanley Motor Carriage.

The Stanley Motor Carriage company of Newton, Mass., manufactures steam automobiles, has been taken over by a new Delaware corporation of the same name. The capital stock is \$2,500,000 of 7 per cent preferred and 100,000 shares common of no par value.

The managers are Prescott Warren, president; Frank Jay, vice-president; and Edward M. Hallett, treasurer. They all have been associated with the company for twelve years. The directorate includes the above and Charles Coughlin and Arthur F. Goodwill of Counselman & Co., who represent the new financial interests.

Chicago Securities.

People's Gas was one of the features of trading on the local exchange. Following the lead of New York, the price advanced from an opening at 73½ to 77½ and closed at 77. The close on Monday was at 71½.

Union Carbide was another active feature, the price advancing to 200 from Monday's close at 104. In the final days the price sold below 108.

Prestone was in good demand and advanced 5% points to 133 during the session.

Money and Exchange.

Money rates in Chicago first at 5 percent on collateral, 62½ per cent on commercial paper, and 362½ per cent over the counter. New York exchange, so market. Chicago bank clearances, 988,271,128.

TIDE OF GOLD TURNS TOWARD FOREIGN LANDS

Washington, D. C., June 6.—The tide of gold which brought between \$1,200,000 and \$1,500,000 to this country within the last thirty months apparently has turned. The United States exported \$33,176,177 more gold in May than imported and the total stock in this country today is probably \$40,000,000 less than it was May 1.

Imports of gold ceased altogether about the middle of May. Exports, showing the turning of the tide, for June and July will be at the rate, officials estimate, of at least \$40,000,000 a year.

The government now has on hand official reserves show gold to the extent of \$3,088,711,272, or approximately one-third of the total gold supply of the globe.

The change is attributed to the great credits established by the United States to entente governments during the last forty-five days. Foreign buyers to date find it necessary to deplete their gold reserves to help stabilize foreign exchange and meet the balance of international trade. The American credits to the allies, authorized to the extent of \$48,000,000 thus far, are taking care of that.

The gold being exported is going to three countries—Japan, Spain, and Mexico—in volume in the order named. Export to Japan has risen to the highest figure ever recorded—approximately \$20,000,000 in May—and is estimated to be \$23,000,000 in June. Spain is taking considerably less and Mexico a small percentage of the total.

Exporters say that the gold shipment out of the country is necessitated by the balance of trade against the United States and in favor of the countries receiving the shipments.

Ohio Cities Stockholders Authorize Stock Increase

Stockholders of the Ohio Cities Gas company voted at their annual meeting on Tuesday in favor of increasing the authorized common stock of \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

N. H. Weber, vice president of the Pure Oil company, which latter will be purchased by the Ohio Cities Gas, was elected a director of the Ohio Cities company to succeed Robert H. Cox.

Shares of the company were reported to be running at present at the rate of \$10,000,000 for the year.

Carbide's Long Talked Of Melon Sliced at Last

Directors of the Union Carbide company have voted an increase of 20 per cent in the capital stock. The share will be 100 at par to stock of record July 14, and it is announced profits the first payment on the new stock will fall due on or before Aug. 15 and the second on or before Oct. 15, there being two installments.

Kansas Natural Gas.

The Kansas Natural Gas company reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1916:

Total income..... \$33,180,122

Operating exp..... 2,140,004

Net earnings..... 31,039,118

Balance previous day..... 3,605,093

Increase..... Bay Ber. 3%

FINANCIAL NOTES

THE strength of Steel common is, according to Wall street, due to the fact that the public is making the realization of the extraordinary strength in earnings since the last quarter of last year when Steel profits reached a new high. The average price for eight leading Steel commodities about that time was \$67.28 per ton. Last week the average was \$69.97 a ton.

Copper is reported growing stronger, an active demand from domestic manufacturers. The leading sellers and producers are said to have no metal to offer earlier than August delivery and quotations have been advanced in the asked price to 31 to 31½.

George L. Storm has been elected president of the Tobacco Products corporation, succeeding Daniel G. Reid, who is to become chairman of the board. Mr. Storm was formerly vice president. George Harder was elected a director and the board has been increased from twelve to thirteen members.

The professional element on the New York stock exchange is reported to be selling the rails and motor shares in the motor group the private borrowing demand reflects a large short interest which has been encouraged by the suggestion of the Emerson concern.

The declaration of 10% per cent in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 4½ per cent on American Can preferred helped the price of both issues of stock. At the same time the preferred dividends in arrears were reduced to 7 per cent.

In April the output of cigars gained 100,000,000. The gain in the cigarette business in April shows the increase for four months well above 30 per cent, as compared with 1916. Total cigarette sales in the latter year were \$25,000,000.

Directors of the Utah, Chino, Ray, and Nevada Consolidated companies are scheduled to meet for quarterly dividend action tomorrow. According to interests in these companies no dividend changes are expected.

The International Paper company has settled out of court with Frank B. Storrs, the owner of 1,000 shares of the old paper preferred stock. Mr. Storrs obtained an injunction against the company's financial plan.

The sale of the Parrot Silver and Copper company to the Anaconda Copper company has been upheld by the Supreme court. The minority stockholders had attacked the sale.

The incorporation in May of companies for the purpose of manufacturing chemicals, drugs and dyes involved a capitalization of \$16,375,000.

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois the retiring directors were reelected.

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**UNITED
NEW YORK
CURB COMMENT**

NEW YORK, June 6.—(Special.)—Strength and activity were reported in the market for curb securities today. An early advance in Air Reduction was a feature. It rose to a new high level and recorded a gain of almost 5 points subsequently reaching the profit taking. After an early rise many of the prominent shares likewise sold off in realizing. There was a fat demand for the lower priced stocks, with Metropolitan Petroleum an active feature, although reports of the new oil well were not confirmed.

The motor stocks were rather quiet, but prices showed an improved tone. United Motors sold nearly a point up from the opening sale but reacted somewhat. Submarine Boat was unusually quiet and moved only fractionally and irregularly.

Curtiss Aeroplane was the firmest feature among the war shares and rose to a new high on the present movement of a gain of more than 2 points. Little activity was reported in the other war issues. Wright-Martin Aircraft common stock and the rights were weak, the last named selling to a new low record.

Speculatives were under pressure and many of the inactive shares old prices were quoted from a fraction to 2 points lower. Carbon Steel, however, was firm and sold higher on a comparatively small amount of business.

Bonds were moderately active, with weakness in the Russian 6½ which touched their low record at a loss of points.

CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

Net Sales, High, Low, Close, chg.

Am Rad..... 500,000 5 3/4 5 1/2 5 1/2 1/4

Am Shipbldg..... Do pfds..... 100,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Fred-Lite..... 3,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Pub. Ind. Co. 10,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Ch. Ind. Tools..... 10,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

C. & T. & T. 10,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Cudahy..... 10,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Hart & M. 10,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Linde Air. 10,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Midwest pfds..... 1,200,000 25 21 21 1/2 1/2

Pub. Ind. Co. 1,200,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Fred-Lite..... 1,200,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

Pub. Ind. Co. 1,200,000 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 0

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HOTELS.

**The St. George
ON THE MIDWAY**
BLACKSTONE & GOTH-ST.
Midway 5756.

What It Means to You.
Every Desire Fulfilled.

The most advanced ideas in modern architecture and design have all been incorporated.

PREFERRED HOME

From the first floor up, every room of a SPACIOUS LIVING ROOM—each room fully furnished, equipped with a large fireplace, with a large, lighted glowing porch with a sofa, etc., etc.

Spacious, airy, lounging rooms, lobby, parlors, and dining rooms at the service of European, \$25 to \$50 per month.

European, \$25 to \$50 per week, family of two.

CLARENCE BEACH HOTEL.

WILSON-AY. AT THE LAKE

Newest North Shore hotel; all rooms outlined, beautiful, airy, large, lighted.

Spacious, airy, lounging rooms, lobby, parlor, and dining rooms at the service of European, \$25 to \$50 per month.

European, \$25 to \$50 per week, family of two.

PHONE SUNNYSIDE 4700.

HOTEL APARTMENTS.

2 ROOM SUITES

301-D DREXEL SQUARE-BLD.

VERY HIGH CLASS PREFERRED BUILD.

INC. CHOICE OF SEVEN SECTION IN CITY. FURNISHED COMPLETE.

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3585 Elmhurst—Cozy electric lighted rooms.

